Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 With Independent Auditor's Report



EAST-WEST MANAGEMENT INSTITUTE, INC. For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors
East-West Management Institute, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of East-West Management Institute, Inc. (the Institute), which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of East-West Management Institute, Inc. as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

June 29, 2017

Mitchell: Titus, LLP

Statements of Financial Position As of December 31, 2016 and 2015

	 2016	 2015		
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 460,230	\$ 254,964		
Contracts and grants receivable	1,495,489	1,563,415		
Contributions receivable	280,849	443,425		
Prepaid expenses and other assets	223,905	196,725		
Restricted cash	16,940	14,218		
Property and equipment, net	 	 1,563		
Total assets	\$ 2,477,413	\$ 2,474,310		
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 543,053	\$ 436,644		
Deferred revenue	68,061	56,734		
Loans payable	500,000	250,000		
Total liabilities	 1,111,114	 743,378		
Commitments				
Net assets				
Unrestricted	1,010,333	1,078,646		
Temporarily restricted	 355,966	 652,286		
Total net assets	 1,366,299	 1,730,932		
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 2,477,413	\$ 2,474,310		

Statements of Activities

For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

		2016		2015				
		Temporarily			Temporarily	_		
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total		
REVENUE AND RECLASSIFICATIONS								
U.S. government grants and cooperative								
agreements	\$ 10,243,497	\$ -	\$ 10,243,497	\$ 10,283,548	\$ -	\$ 10,283,548		
U.S. government contracts	1,608,428	-	1,608,428	4,997	-	4,997		
Contributed services	208,792	-	208,792	210,411	-	210,411		
Other contracts	-	-	-	1,177	-	1,177		
Other grants and contributions	246,986	123,609	370,595	143,078	861,360	1,004,438		
Net assets released from restrictions	419,929	(419,929)		308,704	(308,704)			
Total revenue and reclassifications	12,727,632	(296,320)	12,431,312	10,951,915	552,656	11,504,571		
EXPENSES								
Program	10,971,416	-	10,971,416	9,338,118	-	9,338,118		
General and administrative	1,811,236		1,811,236	1,863,318		1,863,318		
Total expenses	12,782,652		12,782,652	11,201,436		11,201,436		
Change in net assets before other								
income (expense)	(55,020)	(296,320)	(351,340)	(249,521)	552,656	303,135		
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)								
Interest income	222	-	222	147	-	147		
Currency exchange gain (loss)	(573)	-	(573)	18	-	18		
Interest expense	(8,442)	-	(8,442)	(8,577)	-	(8,577)		
Deferred rent expense	(4,500)	-	(4,500)	(4,500)	-	(4,500)		
Bad debt				(6,057)		(6,057)		
Other expense, net	(13,293)		(13,293)	(18,969)		(18,969)		
Change in net assets	(68,313)	(296,320)	(364,633)	(268,490)	552,656	284,166		
Net assets, beginning of year	1,078,646	652,286	1,730,932	1,347,136	99,630	1,446,766		
Net assets, end of year	\$ 1,010,333	\$ 355,966	\$ 1,366,299	\$ 1,078,646	\$ 652,286	\$ 1,730,932		

Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

		2016	 2015	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Change in net assets	\$	(364,633)	\$ 284,166	
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets		,		
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities				
Depreciation		1,563	1,564	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Decrease in contracts and grants receivable		67,926	538,257	
Decrease (increase) in contributions receivable		162,576	(443,425)	
(Increase) in prepaid expenses and other assets Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(27,180)	(10,747)	
and accrued expenses		106,409	(146,842)	
Increase in deferred revenue		11,327	56,734	
Net cash provided by (used in)	•	<u>, </u>	,	
operating activities		(42,012)	279,707	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Borrowings (payments) of loan principal		250,000	 (750,000)	
Net cash provided by (used in)				
financing activities		250,000	(750,000)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and restricted cash		207,988	(470,293)	
Cash and restricted cash, beginning of the year		269,182	739,475	
Cash and restricted cash, end of the year	\$	477,170	\$ 269,182	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION				
Cash paid during the year for interest	\$	8,442	\$ 8,577	
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Notes to Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION

East-West Management Institute, Inc. (the Institute, or EWMI) was organized in January 1988 as a not-for-profit corporation under sub-paragraph (a)(5) of Section 102 of the not-for-profit corporation law of the State of New York. The Institute was established to help build the infrastructure and institutions of an open society through the support of a variety of educational, legal, and economic restructuring activities.

The Institute's government revenue arises primarily from contracts, cooperative agreements, and grants from the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) and the U.S. Department of State (collectively, the U.S. Government). Programs covered by these contracts, cooperative agreements, and grants in 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

- Development and implementation of judicial reform, legal aid, and rule of law programs in Cambodia, Albania, Georgia, Vietnam, Serbia and Sri Lanka.
- Training and support for non-governmental organizations, grassroots networks, public policy, and human rights programs in Azerbaijan, Cambodia, Georgia, Kyrgyzstan, and Macedonia.
- Training and support for economic and community development in Azerbaijan.

During 2016 and 2015, the Institute had other programs that were funded through grants from other sources, which included: a project to explore and promote the option for building community-based philanthropic endowments by capturing a portion of the proceeds of privatization; various programs to support public interest legal advocacy, build foundations of justice, in Cambodia; a program to promote transparent development and land use in Cambodia and the Mekong; a program to promote human rights and rule of law in Burma; and a program to reduce pre-trial detention in Liberia.

The Institute also signed a contract in 2016 to develop linkages between US and European academic institutions and the Parliamentary Institute of Cambodia.

As described in Note 7, the Institute implements grant-making programs to foster the rule of law, economic development, and a civil society worldwide. These programs are generally funded from various grants, cooperative agreements, contracts and contributions from governments, and private donors.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting

The Institute's financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the U.S. as applicable to not-for-profit entities.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Net Asset Classification

The Institute's net assets have been presented and classified as unrestricted and temporarily restricted based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Unrestricted—Resources that are not subject to donor restrictions. Unrestricted amounts may be designated by the Board of Directors (the Board), or management at the Board's direction, to cover any purpose determined by the Institute.

Temporarily restricted—Funds that the Institute may use in accordance with donor restrictions for specific purposes or upon the passage of time (see Note 5).

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue from grants and contracts is recorded when services are performed in accordance with the underlying agreements. Federal funds under the cooperative agreements are recorded as revenue when expenditures are incurred and are billable to the government.

As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, all amounts due under such grants, cooperative agreements, and contracts were deemed to be fully collectible and, accordingly, no allowance for uncollectibility was required.

Contributions

All unconditional contributions are recorded as revenue when received at their fair value. The fair value of long-term receivables is measured based on the present value of future cash flows, with consideration of the expectation about possible variations in the amount and/or timing of the cash flows, the donors' credit risk and other specific factors that would be considered by market participants.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Contributions (continued)

All contributions are considered available for unrestricted use, unless specifically restricted by the donor. The Institute records contributions as temporarily restricted if they are received with donor stipulations that limit their use either by purpose or by the passage of time. When donor restrictions expire (i.e., when a purpose or time restriction is fulfilled), temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the accompanying statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Cost-Share Amounts and Contributed Services

Cost-share amounts include cash received, from non-U.S. government donors, and expended, as well as in-kind services provided to the applicable USAID grants. These are recorded by the Institute as contributions and program expenses in the accompanying statements of activities.

Contributed services that meet the appropriate criteria are recorded as both contributions and expenses at fair value at the time the services are rendered. These include services of professionals who contributed their time to further develop the Institute's programs.

All of the Institute's Board members have volunteered their time to serve on the Board. The value of this contributed time is not reflected in these financial statements since the services do not meet all of the following criteria for recognition: (a) create or enhance nonfinancial assets or (b) require specialized skills provided by individuals possessing those skills, and (c) would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation.

<u>Cash</u>

The Institute maintains cash in bank accounts in amounts that may exceed federally insured limits. The Institute has not experienced any losses on these accounts.

Property and Equipment

The Institute capitalizes property and equipment purchased at a cost of \$5,000 or more. Depreciation of property and equipment is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets purchased, which range from three to seven years.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Functional Allocation of Expenses

Costs that are specifically identifiable to programs or to management and administration are charged directly to such functions. Costs incurred for both programs and general and administration are allocated based on certain factors, such as the time spent on activities performed under the respective functions. The Institute does not perform fund-raising activities.

Income Taxes

The Institute is exempt from Federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code) and from state income taxes.

Management evaluated the Institute's tax positions and concluded that, as of December 31, 2016, there were no uncertain tax positions taken or are expected to be taken. Accordingly, no interest or penalties related to uncertain tax positions have been accrued in the accompanying financial statements.

The Institute is subject to audits by taxing jurisdictions; however, no audits for any tax periods are currently in progress. Management believes that the Institute is no longer subject to income tax examinations by federal, state, or local tax authorities for years ended on and prior to December 31, 2012.

Statements of Cash Flows

The Institute adopted Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-18, *Statement of Cash Flows*, during 2016 and applied the ASU retrospectively to 2015. Accordingly, the following table provides a reconciliation of cash and restricted cash within the accompanying statements of financial position that sum to the total of the same amounts shown in the accompanying statements of cash flows.

	 2016	2015
Cash Restricted cash	\$ 460,230 16,940	\$ 254,964 14,218
	\$ 477,170	\$ 269,182

Amounts included in restricted cash represent amounts held on behalf of certain employees.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

New Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. The ASU requires an entity to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The ASU also expands the footnote disclosure requirements related to contracts with customers. In August 2015, the effective date of the ASU was deferred for the Institute to January 1, 2019. The Institute is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of the ASU on the Institute's financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*. The ASU requires an entity to recognize all lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and disclose key information about leasing arrangements. The effective date of the ASU for the Institute is January 1, 2021. The Institute is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of the ASU on the Institute's financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-14, *Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities* (Topic 958). The ASU amends the requirements for presentation of the financial statements and notes. In particular, it enhances the qualitative and quantitative disclosures of the net asset classes, investment return, expenses, liquidity and availability of resources, and operating cash flows. The effective date of the ASU for the Institute is January 1, 2019. The Institute is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of the ASU on the Institute's financial statements.

Reclassifications

Certain prior-year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current-year presentation.

NOTE 3 CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE

Contributions receivable at December 31, 2016 were expected to be collected as follows:

	2016			2015
Less than one year One to five years	\$	280,849	\$	303,425 140,000
	\$	280,849	\$	443,425

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

NOTE 3 CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE (continued)

The fair value adjustment on the amounts due in more than one year at the time of the contribution was not material in 2015.

NOTE 4 DEFERRED REVENUE

Funds under the following grants were recorded as deferred revenue and recognized as revenue based on expenditures incurred.

				2016					
		pening alance		Funds Received		cognized Revenue			eferred evenue
The Land Portal Foundation The Mekong Regional Land Governance Project by Land Equity International Pty, Ltd Stockholm University Partners Asia Landesa	\$	10,049 46,685 - - - 56,734	\$	7,789 112,500 61,077 44,371 30,000 255,737	\$	17,838 135,135 53,329 38,108 - 244,410	; ; ;	\$	24,050 7,748 6,263 30,000 68,061
				20	15				
_	Funds Received			Recognized as Revenue				_	erred enue
The Land Portal Foundation The Mekong Regional Land	\$	10,049		\$	-		\$		10,049
Governance Project by Land Equity International Pty, Ltd.		50,000	_		3,3	15			46,685
_	\$	60,049	_	\$	3,3	15_	\$		56,734

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

NOTE 5 TEMPORARILY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

Temporarily restricted net assets at December 31 consisted of contributions for the following purposes:

		2016		2015
Philanthropication through Privatization (a program for building community-based philanthropic institutions in less developed countries)	\$	193,265	¢	241.019
Centre for Peace and Conflict Studies	φ	193,203	\$	341,918 573
Making all Voices Count-Liberia -				373
Hivos/USAID		_		22,608
Prison Fellowship Liberia		-		1,000
Support for development of public interest law in Cambodia Open Development Initiative -		-		74,000
MacArthur Grant		110,034		190,962
Open Development Cambodia Project		42,667		21,225
Chino Cienega		10,000		
	\$	355,966	\$	652,286

Net assets released from restrictions consisted of expenditures for the following purposes:

	2016	2015	
Philanthropication through Privatization (a program for building community-based philanthropic institutions in less developed countries)	\$ 148,652	\$ 64,935	
Making all Voices Count-Liberia - Hivos/USAID	22.600	22.242	
Support for development of public	22,608	32,313	
interest law in Cambodia	74,000	74,000	
Kosova Women's Network	2,424	11,108	
Open Development Initiative -			
MacArthur Grant	80,928	9,038	
Open Development Cambodia Project	88,557	117,310	
Prison Fellowship Liberia	1,000	-	
Centre for Peace and Conflict Studies	1,760	-	
	\$ 419,929	\$ 308,704	

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

NOTE 6 GOVERNMENT GRANTS, COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS, AND CONTRACTS

The Institute's grants, cooperative agreements, and contracts with the U.S. Government and sub-contracts with certain pass-through entities generally cover several periods. At the end of the year, total funds available consisted of the following: \$21,704,688 in 2016 and \$28,231,203 in 2015 under remaining grants and cooperative agreements; \$27,682,739 in 2016 under remaining contracts; and \$116,385 in 2015 under remaining sub-awards. These funds will be recognized as revenue when the services have been rendered.

The Institute is obligated to provide matching funding under certain U.S. Government grants and cooperative agreements. Subject to certain restrictions, matching funds may be met with funds from other grants and contracts, and cost-share amounts (see Notes 2 and 7), and other contributions. Matching funds obligated and not yet provided under remaining grants and cooperative agreements totaled \$2,004,195 and \$2,863,008 at December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

All contracts, cooperative agreements, and grants with the USAID and the U.S. Department of State allow the Institute to charge for indirect costs using a provisional indirect cost rate for the year, which may be different from the actual indirect cost rate that may be finally allowed for that year under such contracts, cooperative agreements, and grants. Adjustments for the difference between the indirect costs allowed under the provisional rate and the actual indirect costs incurred during the year are accrued and recognized in the financial statements in the year in which the differences occur.

During 2016, the Institute's actual indirect costs were lower than the amount billed throughout 2016, using the provisional indirect cost rate, by a net amount of \$48,168. This amount was presented as a reduction of grants and contracts receivable in the accompanying financial statements at December 31, 2016, and will be deducted from the 2017 billing to USAID and the U.S. Department of State after approval of the final indirect cost rate by the USAID.

During 2015, the Institute's actual indirect costs were higher than the amount billed throughout 2015 using the provisional indirect cost rate. At December 31, 2015, the federal government and other contractors owed a net total of \$238,704 to the Institute in indirect cost adjustments for 2015 for its contracts and cooperative agreements. Such amount has been included in the Institute's revenue and contracts and grants receivable in the accompanying financial statements at December 31, 2015, and are expected to be collected in 2017 after the USAID's final approval of the indirect cost rate.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

NOTE 7 GRANT EXPENSE

The Institute implements grant-making programs to foster the rule of law, economic development, and a civil society worldwide. The activities it has supported include the development of non-governmental organizations (NGOs) and professional associations; promotion of ethnic tolerance, human rights and independent media; rural economic development and curriculum development; and research and policy reform in transitional countries. A significant goal is the sustainability of local institutions. The Institute complements its grant-making with capacity-building activities for NGOs and other groups, professional training, and advisory services. It also engages other donors to co-fund programs and subgrantees.

Generally, grants are awarded through a competitive grant application process. In addition, the Institute supports certain unsolicited proposals and partnerships. The Institute made cash grants of \$4,403,906 in 2016 and \$3,835,801 in 2015 to local NGOs and other groups. Sub-grantees' cost share under these programs totaled \$714,838 in 2016 and \$533,298 in 2015.

NOTE 8 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN

The Institute maintains a defined contribution plan (the Plan) under Section 401(k) of the Code, covering substantially all employees. Under the Plan, which was established in 1999, the Institute provides matching contributions equal to 3% of all qualified employees' compensation to the 401(k) component of the Plan. The Institute additionally elected to contribute 2.2% and 0.54% of all qualified employees' compensation to the revenue-sharing component of the Plan during 2016 and 2015, respectively. The Institute's total contributions to the Plan were approximately \$109,700 in 2016 and \$74,400 in 2015. An officer of the Institute serves as the Plan's trustee.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

NOTE 9 FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

The Institute's expenses were allocated to functional categories as follows:

	Year Ended December 31, 2016							
		General and						
	Program	Administrative	Total					
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 3,653,526	\$ 1,222,767	\$ 4,876,293					
Consultants and related expenses	1,147,336	96,100	1,243,436					
Rent	236,004	170,195	406,199					
Office expense and supplies	153,691	50,779	204,470					
Depreciation	-	1,563	1,563					
Travel and meals	214,586	54,760	269,346					
Insurance	17,383	54,661	72,044					
Overseas allowances	202,429	1,147	203,576					
Grants and subcontracts	4,743,743	-	4,743,743					
Messengers and postage	3,707	863	4,570					
Noncapitalized equipment	73,695	10,526	84,221					
Telecommunications	31,685	13,559	45,244					
Other professional services	9,595	87,082	96,677					
Meetings and trainings	446,400	3,631	450,031					
Miscellaneous	37,636	43,603	81,239					
Expenses as presented in the								
statement of activities	10,971,416	1,811,236	12,782,652					
Other expenses								
Interest	-	8,442	8,442					
Deferred rent		4,500	4,500					
	<u>-</u>	12,942	12,942					
Total	\$ 10,971,416	\$ 1,824,178	\$ 12,795,594					

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

NOTE 9 FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES (continued)

	Year Ended December 31, 2015						
		Program		eneral and ministrative	Total		
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	3,327,758	\$	1,223,275	\$	4,551,033	
Consultants and related expenses		798,462		134,639		933,101	
Rent		245,957		160,807		406,764	
Office expense and supplies		133,418		52,605		186,023	
Depreciation		-		1,564		1,564	
Travel and meals		219,953		85,229		305,182	
Insurance		9,814		54,476		64,290	
Overseas allowances		209,218		-		209,218	
Grants and sub-contracts		3,948,904		-		3,948,904	
Messengers and postage		8,570		1,782		10,352	
Noncapitalized equipment		37,201		9,980		47,181	
Telecommunications		39,806		14,216		54,022	
Other professional services		5,571		101,071		106,642	
Meetings and trainings		299,762		3,215		302,977	
Miscellaneous		53,724		20,459		74,183	
Expenses as presented in the statements of activities		0 220 440		1 062 210		11 201 426	
statements of activities		9,338,118		1,863,318		11,201,436	
Other expenses							
Interest		-		8,577		8,577	
Deferred rent		-		4,500		4,500	
Bad debt				6,057	6,057		
		-		19,134		19,134	
Total	\$	9,338,118	\$	1,882,452	\$	11,220,570	

NOTE 10 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Loan Agreement

On September 19, 2013, the Institute entered into a loan agreement (the Agreement) with Bank of America, N.A. (the Bank), whereby the Bank provided the Institute with a revolving line of credit (the Facility) in the amount of \$1,000,000 (the Facility Commitment). The Facility, as renewed, ends on December 31, 2017 (the Facility Expiration Date), and may be renewed by the Bank prior to the Facility Expiration Date. The portion of the Facility Commitment not used by the Institute is subject to an unused commitment fee of 0.0625%.

The Loan bears interest calculated daily using the British Bankers Association London Interbank Offered Rate (BBA LIBOR) plus 1.85%. Interest expense in 2016 and 2015 totaled \$8,442 and \$8,577, respectively.

The payment of the Institute's obligations under the agreement, up to the amount of \$1,000,000, is unconditionally guaranteed by another organization (the guarantor).

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

NOTE 10 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Loan Agreement (continued)

The Institute is in compliance with the terms of the Agreement.

Leases

The Institute leases office space in New York, Washington, D.C. and various foreign locations. The New York office space is under a 10-year sub-lease that commenced on June 1, 2011 and will terminate on May 31, 2021, unless the prime lease is terminated earlier (the NYO sublease). The leases in foreign locations have terms terminating on various dates through 2021.

A portion of the New York office space was sublet, effective November 1, 2014 (the Sub-sublease). The Sub-sublease will terminate on May 31, 2017, unless the NYO sublease or the prime lease is terminated earlier. The sub-subtenant also has the right to terminate the Sub-sublease on not less than six months' prior written notice to the Institute.

Annual future minimum rental payments and income under the leases and subleases are as follows:

Year Ending December 31	NYO Sublease		Wa	Washington, D.C.		Foreign ocations	 Total	SI	YO Sub- ublease ncome
2017	\$	206,000	\$	26,840		270,332	\$ 503,172	\$	12,500
2018		216,000		-		217,234	433,234		-
2019		216,000		-		156,760	372,760		-
2020		216,000		-		50,760	266,760		-
2021		90,000		-		27,694	117,694		-
	\$	944,000	\$	26,840	\$	722,780	\$ 1,693,620	\$	12,500

Certain leases may be canceled by the Institute based on certain circumstances or with notice.

Rent expense for years ended 2016 and 2015 was \$406,199 and \$406,764, respectively. Sublease income of \$60,000 in 2016 and \$72,000 in 2015 was netted against 2016 and 2015 rent expense, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

NOTE 10 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Grants, Cooperative Agreements, and Contracts

The Institute is obligated to provide matching funding under certain U.S. Government grants and cooperative agreements. Such obligations under the remaining grants and cooperative agreements at December 31, 2016 totaled \$2,004,195 (see Note 6).

Certain grants, cooperative agreements, and contracts may be subject to audit by the funding sources. Such audit might result in disallowances of costs submitted for reimbursement. Management believes that such cost disallowances, if any, will not have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements. Accordingly, no amounts have been accrued in the accompanying financial statements for such potential claims.

NOTE 11 CONCENTRATION OF RISK

The Institute received approximately 91% and 88% of its total revenue in 2016 and 2015, respectively, either directly or indirectly from the USAID. Any significant reduction in the level of support from the USAID could have a material adverse effect on the Institute's programs.

NOTE 12 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Institute evaluates events occurring after the date of the financial statements to consider whether or not the impact of such events needs to be reflected or disclosed in the financial statements. Such evaluation was performed through June 29, 2017, the date the financial statements were approved for issuance. There were no subsequent events that should be accounted for or require disclosure in the accompanying financial statements.

